

Resilience Guide

Asset Management Group



EEA.CO.NZ

Kaikoura Earthquake

- The 2016 Kaikoura earthquake caused widespread damage throughout the region, including to the Wellington Electricity office building.
- 28,000 customers lost supply, this was largely due to overhead faults.
- There was an elevated rate of cable failure for two years following the earthquake.
- Wellington Electricity were challenged by Government to improve resilience.





Wellington Earthquake Risk

- There are 3 major fault lines in the Wellington Region and numerous smaller ones.
- Any of these has the potential to cause a severe earthquake
- Combined, these fault lines cause major earthquakes within the region approximately 150-300 years apart.
- A return period of 300 years was used for the benefit analysis.





Damage Modelling

- Looked at the network by area and asset class, estimating the risk of four types of earthquake hazard (Shaking, Liquefaction, Fault Line Movement, Slope Failure)
- Main cause of network damage is expected to be liquefaction damage to cables
- Damage estimates were based on failure rates in the Christchurch earthquakes of 2010 and 2011
- Older type cables are more vulnerable, especially oil/gas pressurised, but ground type is expected to have much more effect.
- Cable type was not considered for failure rate estimates.



Damage Modelling







Outage Estimation

- Outages were estimated at the zone substation level. With load loss based on average values since this could occur at any time of year.
- 11kV load lost was as a percentage based on the liquefaction risk in that area.
- Supply from adjacent zones was considered and depended on the number of zones that the substation was connected with and the damage risk in that zone.
- Hardest hit areas are expected to be the Wellington CBD, Petone and Miramar, including the Airport
- Damage to transport network is the driving factor for most outages.



Cost Benefit and Mitigation

- Mitigation options were listed and the effects that these would have on restoration times were estimated.
- The difference in restoration time was used to calculate the benefit of each option.
- Monetary benefit was calculated by multiplying outage reductions with the Value of Lost Load (VOLL).
- Options were assessed individually but for the final application, care needed to be taken to ensure that overlapping benefits were only counted once.





The "Streamlined" CPP

- Concentrated on allowing repairs to begin before road access was restored
- Subtransmission faults Emergency Overhead Lines
- Zone Substation Damage Mobile Substations
- 11kV Cable Damage Spare cable and joints
- Distribution substation damage Transformers and switchgear
- Substation building damage Seismic strengthening programme (reduction)
- Communications links Backup data centres

Wellington Electricity's earthquake readiness plan





Questions?



Cea Electricity Engineers' Association