

Arc Flash Guide

REVIEW

EEA.CO.NZ



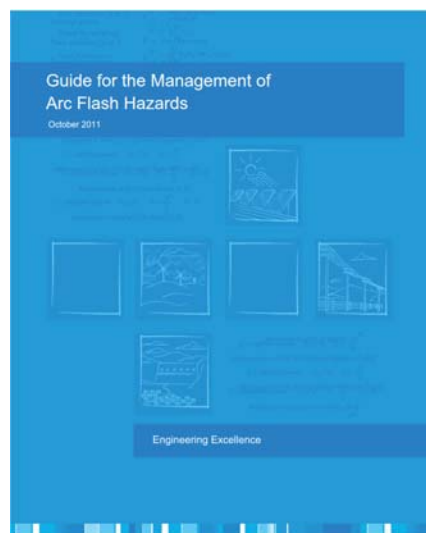
Guide Review

The original 'Guide for the Management of Arc Flash Hazards' was published in 2011

It contained the first steps to continuing development

And deadlines

"A programme for assessment of all assets shall be in place by no later than 30/6/2012, with assessments completed by no later than 31/12/2013."



Working Group

Representative	Organisation
Steve Macdonald (chair)	Orion
Stuart Banks	Mitton ElectroNet
Cosmin Cosma	Westpower
Yanosh Irani	Meridian Energy
Glen Busby	RPS
Brian Ultee	Contact Energy
Graeme Johnson	Aurora
Dave Hammond	PowerCo
Andrew McMahon	Transpower
Ian Stedall	Genesis Energy
Gilbert Zieleman	ABB



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Content

1. Purpose
2. Definitions
3. Scope
4. Legislation, Standards and Guidelines
5. Introduction to Arc Flash
6. Arc Flash Analysis
7. Risk Assessment
8. Mitigation
9. Conclusion



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Scope

- Provides a basic description of arc flash and key characteristics
- Guidance on arc flash hazard and risk assessment and subsequent mitigation programme
- Explains the background to quoted Standards and how they apply.



Legislation, Standards and Guidelines

Health and Safety at Work Act (HSWA 2015)

IEEE 1584:2002 Guide for Performing Arc Flash Hazard Calculations

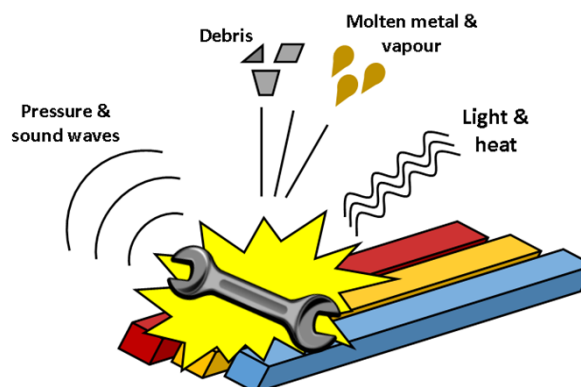
NFPA 70E:2015 Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace

Safety in Design Guide (EEA)



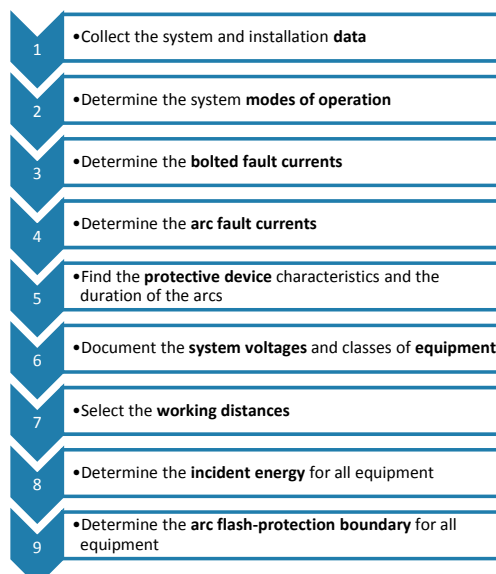
Introduction to Arc Flash

- What is arc flash?
- Contributing factors
- Consequences
- Serious hazard even at *low voltage*



Arc Flash Analysis

Calculation Method	Application
IEEE1584	This method calculates incident energy and arc flash boundary for: 208 V to 15 kV; three-phase; 50 Hz to 60 Hz; 0.7 kA to 106 kA short-circuit current; and 13 mm to 152 mm conductor gaps.
Ralph Lee	This method calculates incident energy and arc flash boundary for arc in open air; conservative over 600 V and becomes more conservative as voltage increases.
Doughty Neal	This method calculates incident energy for three-phase arc on systems rated 600 V and below; applies to short-circuit currents between 16 kA and 50 kA.
Dan Doan	This method calculates the incident energy for dc systems rated up to 1000 V dc.
Table Method (NFPA 70E)	The table method presented in NFPA 70E uses tables that are for specific fault currents and specific clearing times and the tables do not cover all applications or installations. While these tables are intended to be conservative for most applications, they may not enable the user to select adequate protection.



Risk Assessment

			Consequence				
			Trivial	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
			Trivial or no treatment required	Injury with short-term recovery	Injury with medium term recovery	Severe or permanent injury or fatality	Multiple fatalities
Likelihood	Frequent	Routinely seen in this industry	High 11	High 13	Extreme 20	Extreme 22	Extreme 25
	Likely	Occasionally seen, 2 or 3 times per year	Moderate 5	High 12	High 15	Extreme 21	Extreme 24
	Possible	Seen less than once per year	Moderate 4	Moderate 7	High 14	High 17	Extreme 23
	Unlikely	Occurs once every few years	Low 2	Moderate 6	Moderate 9	High 16	High 19
	Rare	Hypothetical occurrence	Low 1	Low 3	Moderate 8	Moderate 10	High 15

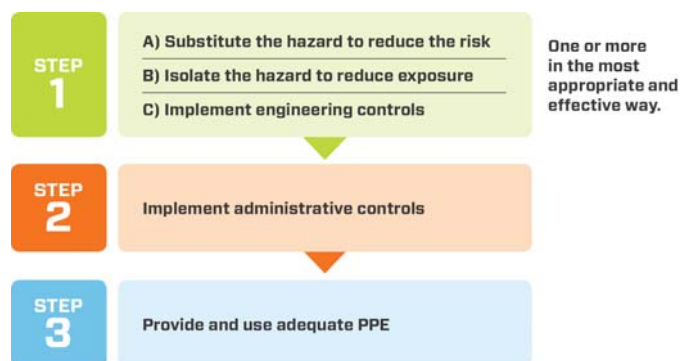


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Mitigation

Hierarchy of Controls

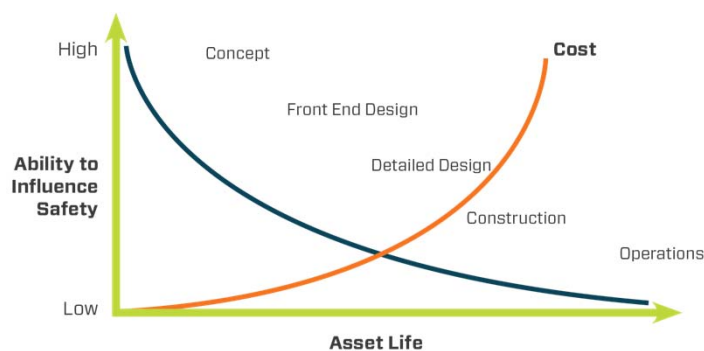


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Mitigation

Engineering Controls



- Equipment design
- Arc containment & venting
- Legacy equipment
- Protection settings
- Delayed opening/closing
- Remote switching/ racking

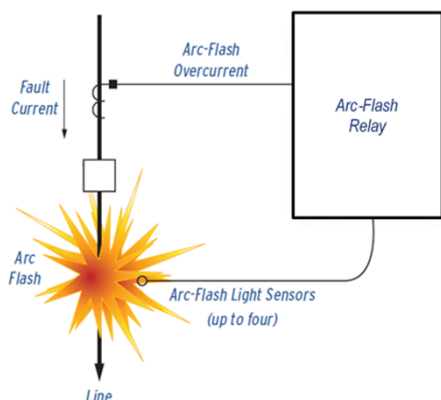


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Mitigation

Engineering Controls



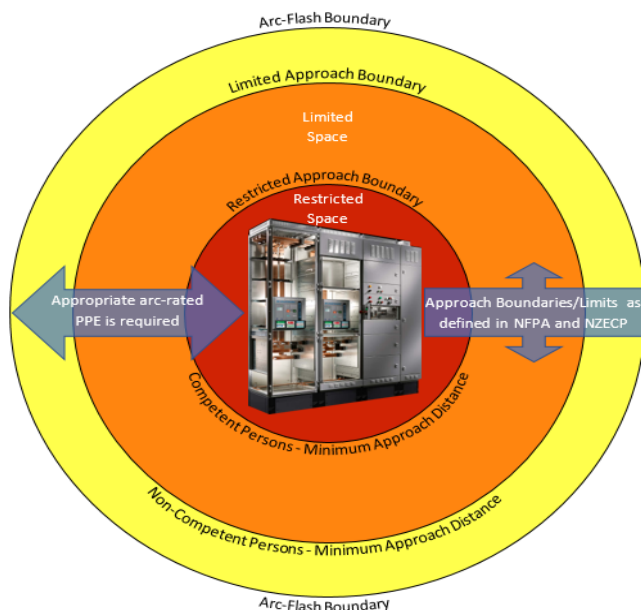
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Mitigation

Administrative Controls

- Establishing protection boundaries



Mitigation

Labelling

WARNING

Arc Flash and Shock Hazard Present
Appropriate PPE Required

RFN CB5	PPE Requirements
Arc Flash Boundary 7.80 m	Arc-rated (AR) clothing and equipment with an arc rating equal to or greater than the determined incident energy.
Incident Energy @ 0.91 m 9.62 cal/cm²	
Working Distance 0.91 m	
Shock Hazard Exposure 11000 Vac	
<i>Always Maintain MADs</i>	AR overall, AR face shield and AR balaclava, AR rainwear (AN), hard hat, safety glasses, hearing protection, leather gloves, leather footwear
<i>Always carry out a Risk Assessment prior to encroaching the 8 cal/cm² boundary.</i>	
8 cal/cm ² Boundary 1.1 m	

26/09/2017 CALCULATIONS BASED ON NORMAL SYSTEM CONFIGURATION



Mitigation

Selection of Clothing and PPE

- Outer Wear
- Clothing layering
- Undergarments
- Care and maintenance
- Verification



Other Considerations

- Hearing protection
- Respiratory issues
- Blunt force trauma



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Areas requiring more work?

- Voltages > 15kV
- Estimated energy levels
- More detailed mitigation advice
- Tailor 'risk analysis' to arc flash hazard
- Develop mitigation 'option assessment'
- Highlight common PPE mistakes
- How to approach 'grossly disproportionate' actions?
- Editing



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Timeline

- Release for consultation by the end of 2017
- Review feedback early 2018
- Publish 2018
- Review 2023



Questions for industry

- Who in your organisation will be using the guide? What is the target audience?
- How far have organisations come since the 2011 guide?
- Is Safety in Design being applied to arc flash?
- What are unresolved issues that require further investigation?

